

IN THE CLAIMS:

The following is a complete listing of claims in this application.

Claims 1-16 (canceled).

17. (currently amended) A process for forming a substrate to be utilized in microelectronics, nanoelectronics, microtechnology or nanotechnology comprising a support having a thin layer formed on an upper surface thereof, comprising the steps of:

forming at least one said thin layer on the upper surface of a nanostructured support, and subsequently

treating the nanostructured support ~~with the thin layer~~ to generate internal strains in the support, causing deformation of the support at least in the plane of the thin layer, so as to ensure a corresponding deformation of the thin layer and modification of properties of the thin layer.

18. (new) The process as claimed in Claim 17, wherein the treating comprises treating the nanostructured support chemically to cause deformation corresponding to dilation or contraction of the nanostructure thereof.

19. (previously presented) The process as claimed in Claim 17, wherein the nanostructured support is selected from the group consisting of a metals, semi-conductors and dielectric materials.

20. (previously presented) The process as claimed in Claim 17, additionally comprising effecting the epitaxial growth of a crystalline material on the thin layer, after the treating.

21. (previously presented) The process as claimed in Claim 20, wherein the thin layer is selected to be capable of possessing a lattice parameter corresponding to a lattice parameter of a crystalline material to be formed by said epitaxial growth.

22. (previously presented) The process as claimed in Claim 21, wherein the thin layer is prestrained.

23. (previously presented) The process as claimed in Claim 17, additionally comprising forming on the nanostructured support at least one intermediate layer disposed between the thin layer and the nanostructured support.

24. (previously presented) The process as claimed in Claim 20, wherein the crystalline material is semi-conductor or superconductor material.

25. (previously presented) The process as claimed in Claim 17, wherein the thin layer is made of a material having piezoelectric properties.

26. (previously presented) The process as claimed in Claim 25, additionally comprising performing a lithographic operation on the thin layer to reveal piezoelectric zones.

27. (previously presented) The process as claimed in Claim 25, additionally comprising deforming the nanostructured support so that electrical charges appear in the thin layer.